The European Green Deal

European Architectural Barometer Q4 2021 The European Green Deal Feb - 2022



About European Architectural Barometer

THE GOAL

The objective of the European Architectural Barometer of Arch-Vision is to offer profound insight into the current economic situation and trends among architectural firms in the Netherlands, Germany, the UK, France, Spain, Italy, Belgium and Poland. The European Architectural Barometer provides knowledge about the future building volumes and the way in which these building volumes will be realised (trends).

THE RESEARCH TOPICS

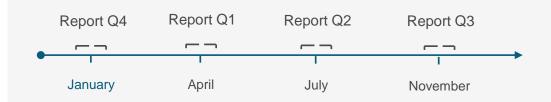
Recurring topic: Economic developments of architectural companies in Europe (order book and turnover development)

Quarterly theme topics in 2021:

Q1: Media Orientation after COVID-19 Q2: Building Information Modeling (BIM) Q3: Prefab

Q4: European Green Deal

THE TIMELINE



COUNTRY SCOPE (number of interviews conducted)

Background characteristics of the interviewed respondents can be found in the country-specific profiling, the architect chapter, and in the appendix as a European overview.



PROJECT TEAM



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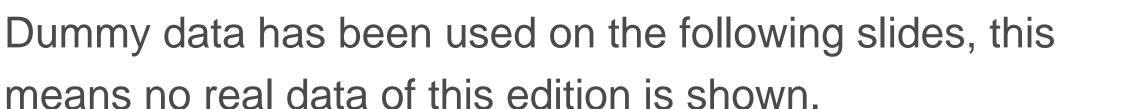


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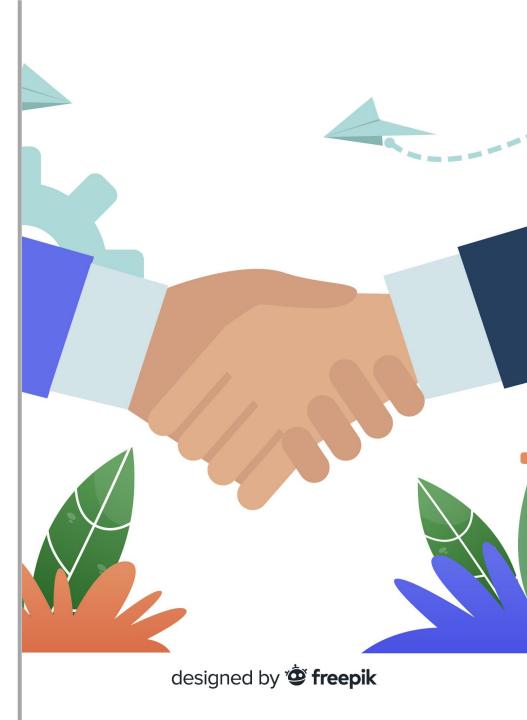


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Forecast overview

Economic and construction figures per country

Theme part: European Green Deal

Research background

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Forecast overview

conomic and construction figures per country

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USP An explanation of forecasting the 2021 and 2022 building volumes in times of disruption

In times of disruption models do not always work properly. Therefore we had to make adjustments to our model to include the most reliable prediction of the building volumes for 2021 and 2022. The steps we took to optimise our model are as followed:

1. XXX

2. XXX

3. XXX

4. XXX

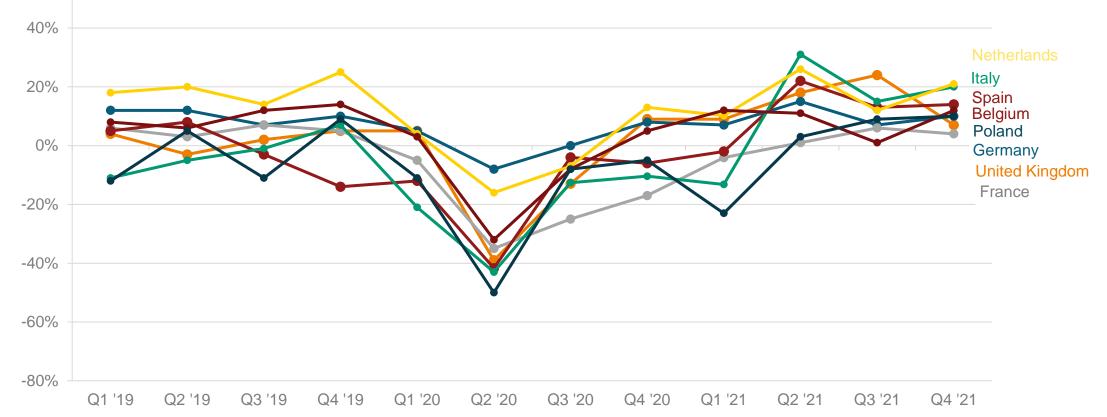


(% change year over year)	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sept-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
Belgium	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	ххх	ххх	xxx	ХХХ	ххх	
Germany	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	XXX	XXX	ххх	xxx	ххх	ххх	xxx
Spain	ххх	XXX	ххх	ххх	ххх	xxx	xxx	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	
France	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	xxx	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	xxx
Italy	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	ххх	XXX	xxx	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	
Netherlands	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	XXX	xxx	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	
Poland	ххх	xxx	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	ххх	XXX	XXX	XXX	ххх	xxx
United Kingdom	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	ххх	XXX	ххх	ххх	XXX	ххх	ххх	

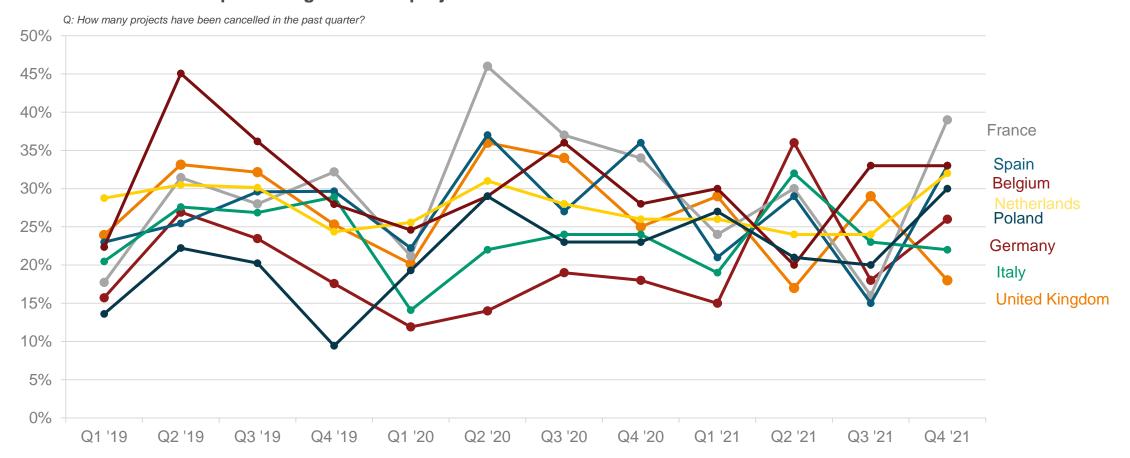
Architects' experience regarding their turnover

(saldo of architects reporting increase minus architects reporting a decrease)

Q: How did your turnover develop in the past quarter compared to the same period one year ago?



% of architects experiencing cancelled projects



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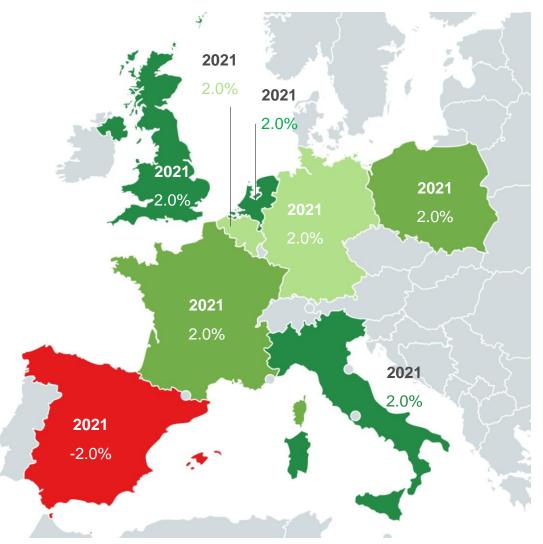
XXX % change year over year

Residential: # of dwellings	Q3-19	Q4-19	Q1-20	Q2-20	Q3-20	Q4-20	Q1-21	Q2-21	Q3-21	Q4-21
Belgium	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
Germany	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
Spain	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
France	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
Italy	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
Netherlands	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
Poland	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
United Kingdom	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX
	XXX Q3-19	XXX Q4-19	XXX Q1-20	XXX Q2-20	XXX Q3-20	XXX Q4-20	XXX Q1-21	XXX Q2-21	XXX Q3-21	XXX Q4-21
United Kingdom										
United Kingdom <u>Non-residential</u> : m2 useful floor area	Q3-19	Q4-19	Q1-20	Q2-20	Q3-20	Q4-20	Q1-21	Q2-21	Q3-21	Q4-21
United Kingdom <u>Non-residential</u> : m2 useful floor area Belgium	Q3-19 XXX	Q4-19 XXX	Q1-20 XXX	Q2-20 XXX	Q3-20 XXX	Q4-20 XXX	Q1-21 XXX	Q2-21 XXX	Q3-21 XXX	Q4-21 XXX
United Kingdom <u>Non-residential</u> : m2 useful floor area Belgium Germany	Q3-19 XXX XXX	Q4-19 XXX XXX	Q1-20 XXX XXX	Q2-20 XXX XXX	Q3-20 XXX XXX	Q4-20 XXX XXX	Q1-21 XXX XXX	Q2-21 XXX XXX	Q3-21 XXX XXX	Q4-21 XXX XXX
United Kingdom	Q3-19 XXX XXX XXX	Q4-19 XXX XXX XXX	Q1-20 XXX XXX XXX	Q2-20 XXX XXX XXX	Q3-20 XXX XXX XXX	Q4-20 XXX XXX XXX	Q1-21 XXX XXX XXX	Q2-21 XXX XXX XXX	Q3-21 XXX XXX XXX	Q4-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX
United Kingdom <u>Non-residential</u> : m2 useful floor area Belgium Germany Spain France	Q3-19 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-19 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q1-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q2-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q3-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q1-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q2-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q3-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX
United Kingdom <u>Non-residential</u> : m ² useful floor area Belgium Germany Spain France Italy	Q3-19 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-19 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q1-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q2-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q3-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-20 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q1-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q2-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q3-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX	Q4-21 XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX

Forecast 2021 European overview

Taking all the indicators into account, this leads to a positive development of the construction volumes for 2021 throughout Europe.

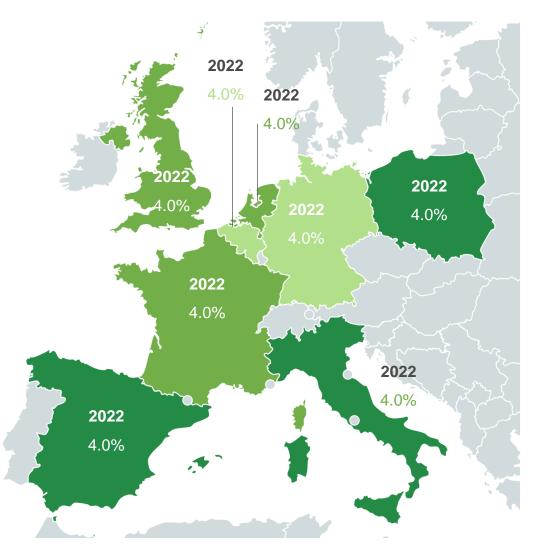
Spain is the exception, it seems COVID still has a strong impact on the industry here.



Forecast 2022 European overview

2022 looks promising for every country in Europe. All signs are green for a positive development in each country.

Also Spain that was hit hard can finally expect a growht figure in 2022.



See the country slides for more detailed information on the developments per construction segment.
Volumes are in billion euros at 2013 prices.



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⁻orecast overview

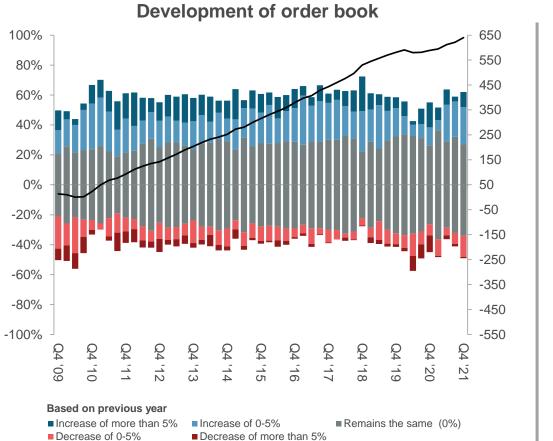
Economic and construction figures

Germany

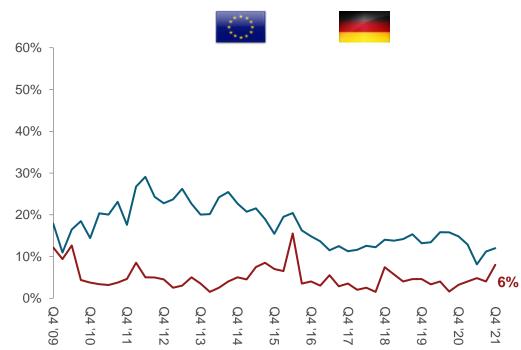
Theme part: Sustainability and Circularity

Research background

Appendix

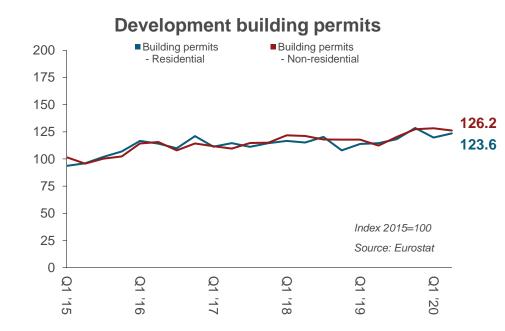


Expecting empty order book in 12 months



----- Rolling Order book Barometer (based on Q4 2008)

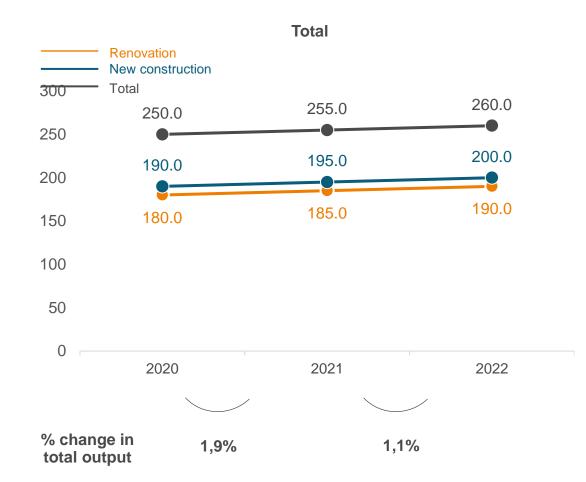
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Value Q3 2020	Value Q2 2021	Value Q3 2021	Q-2-Q development
0.1	-2.0	n/a	Positive
-3.1	-14.0	-9.0	Positive
-13.3	-28.6	-13.6	Positive
14.8	-1.1	0.7	Neutral
110.6	111.9	108.5	Negative
36	32	33	Neutral
23	14	19	Negative
118.0	123.6	n/a	Positive
120.3	126.2	n/a	Neutral
	Q3 2020 0.1 -3.1 -13.3 14.8 110.6 36 23 118.0	Q3 2020Q2 20210.1-2.0-3.1-14.0-13.3-28.614.8-1.1110.6111.936322314118.0123.6	Q3 2020Q2 2021Q3 20210.1-2.0n/a-3.1-14.0-9.0-13.3-28.6-13.614.8-1.10.7110.6111.9108.5363233231419118.0123.6n/a

Source: * Country statistical office; ** Eurostat, *** Arch-Vision

Forecast of building volumes in billion euros



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Economic and construction figures

Theme part: European Green Deal

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The European Green Deal

The construction industry is contributing to climate change heavily and is therefore at the forefront to change the way of working. 40% of the annual global CO2 emissions are generated by buildings and the construction sector generates approximately 35% of worldwide waste.

We do see several actions are being taken on the European level regarding the increasing issue the greenhouse effect is posing as a product of global waste and uncontrollable gas emissions. The biggest initiative to tackle these issues comes from the European Green Deal policy.

The European Green deal is a policy created by the European Union to tackle one of the world's biggest threats – climate change and environmental degradation. As such, the goal is to enable the creation of an environment which is to improve the well-being and health of citizens and future generations. The European Union wants to achieve the goals by providing:



Source: https://ec.europa.eu/info/strategy/priorities-2019-2024/european-green-deal_en

The European Green Deal and architects

XXX

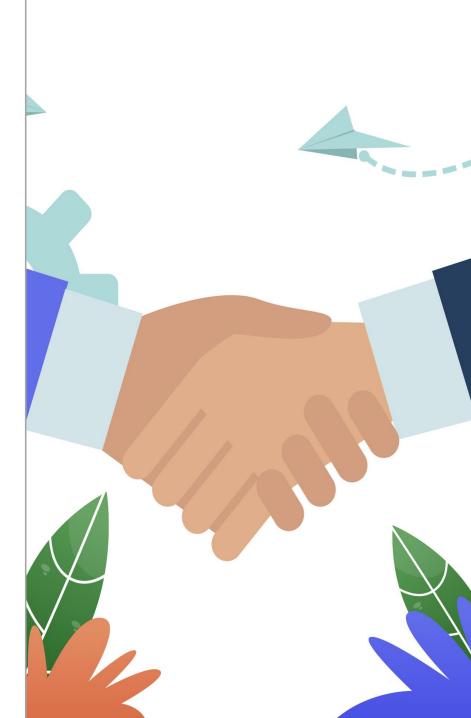
Even though a majority of European architects heard of the European Green Deal, only a small share has knowledge about it. The ones who do know what it is about, see the policy containing the goals (1) XXX, (2) XXX and, (3) XXX. The official aim of the EU is to reduce 55% of the greenhouse emissions by 2030 and will become completely neutral by 2050. On a total level, architects think the goal for 2030 is around XXX% of reduction.

XXX

Architects are XXX that the European Green Deal policy XXX impact on the design of buildings. It will entail single-family and XXX, and also XXX in XXX projects. However, they do see it as a XXX thing, XXX.

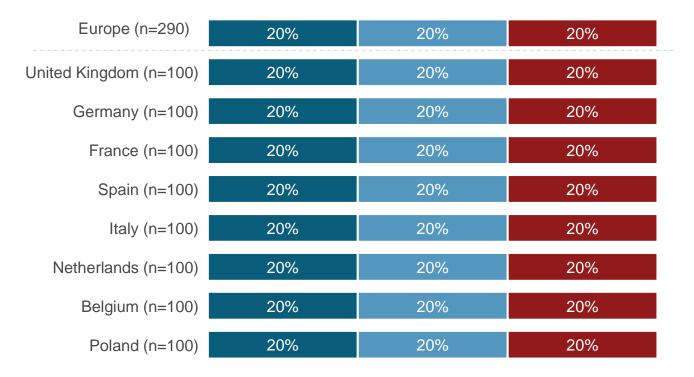
XXX

In order to reach the goals of the policy, it is important to adhere to certain rules which involves having the right XXX. XXX



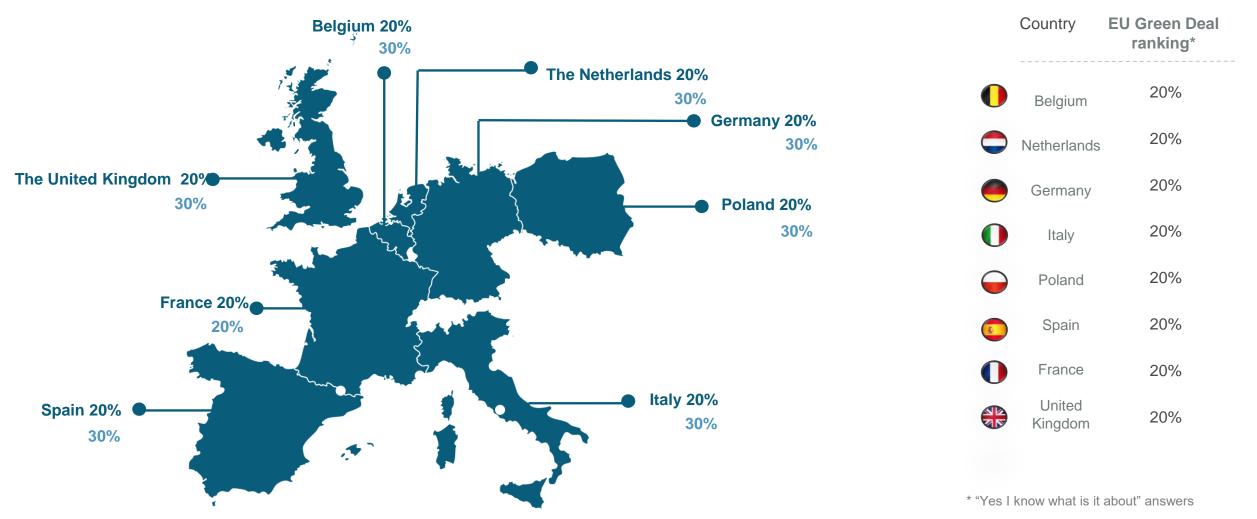
European Green Deal Have you heard of the European Green Deal?

Yes, I know what it is about Yes, I heard of it No, I don't know it

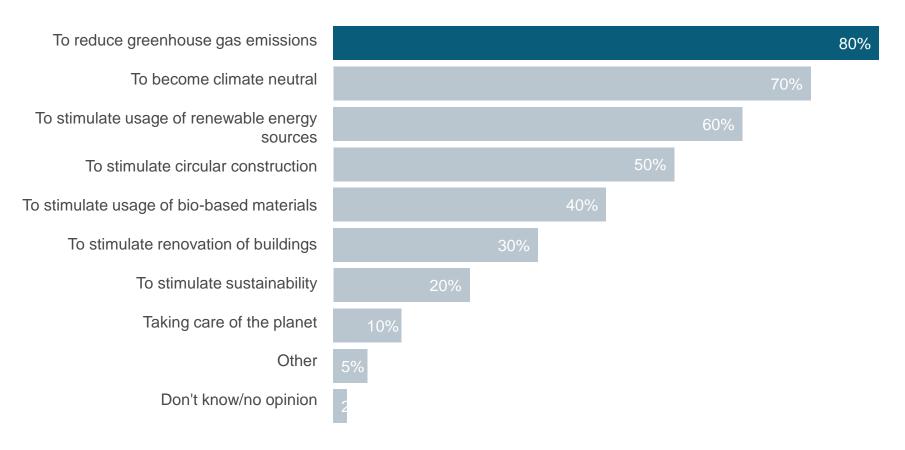


XXX

European Green Deal Have you heard of the European Green Deal? – "Yes, I know what is it about" and "Yes, I heard of it" answers



European Green Deal - goals Can you explain what the goals of the European Green Deal are according to you?



55%

25%

Europe

Greenhouse gas emission

25%

n=89

United Kingdom

Do you have an idea by what percentage the greenhouse gas emissions should be reduced by 2030? And by 2050?

25%

n=98

Germany

25%

n=121

France

25%

n=30

Spain

25%

n=122

Italy

25%

n=70

Netherlands

25%

n=84

Belgium

23

Poland

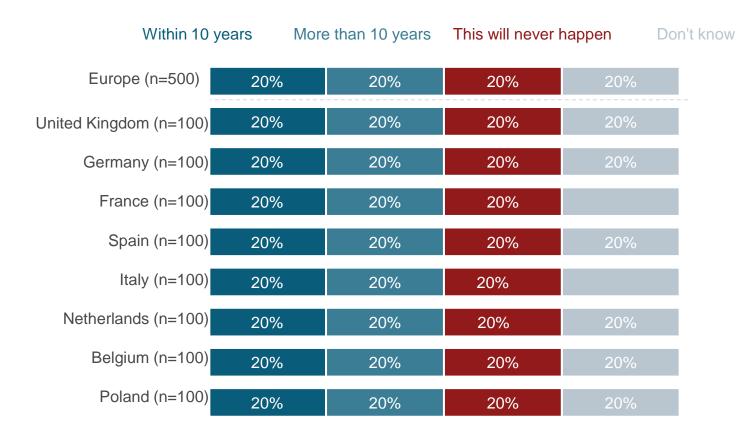
n=60

25%

USP

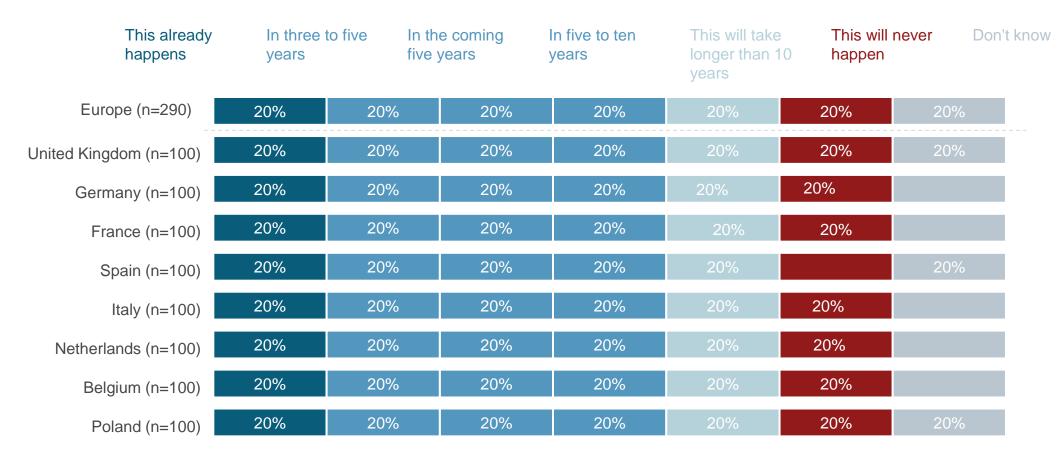
Climate neutral industry

How long will it take before the construction industry is able to be climate neutral?



Climate neutral industry – government action

How long will it take before your government takes action that will impact the building permits and the construction industry?



XXX

EU Green Deal affect on different types of buildings

By 2050 the European construction industry needs to be climate neutral. To what extent do you expect initiatives such as the EU Green Deal to positively affect the amount of work on the single-family housing (detached/ row houses); multi-family housing (apartments/ flats); non-residential buildings/ commercial buildings (offices/ industrial/ warehouses/ schools)?

	Very s	trongly		Stron	ngly			Slightly			Not at all			Don't kn	OW	
Europe (n=290)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
United Kingdom (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	209	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Germany (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
France (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Spain (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	209	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Italy (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Netherlands (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	209	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Belgium (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	209	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Poland (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	209	%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
		Singl	e-family	housing				Multi-f	amily ho	ousing		Ν	on-resid	lential bu	uildings	

XXX

Initiatives affect on new build/renovation projects

Do you think initiatives will drive more new build projects, renovation projects or both as much in the single-family housing (detached/ row houses); multifamily housing (apartments/ flats); non-residential buildings/ commercial buildings (offices/ industrial/ warehouses/ schools)?

	Nev	w build		R	enovation			Bot	h as much		Don't	know	
Europe (n=290)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
United Kingdom (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Germany (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
France (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Spain (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Italy (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Netherlands (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Belgium (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Poland (n=100)	20%	20%	20%	20%	20	0%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
		Single-fa	mily housi	ng			Multi-fami	ly housing		Non	-residentia	al buildings	5

XXX

Impact on non-residential buildings

On which type of non-residential buildings do you think these initiatives have the highest impact?

-	Total		UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
r	n=200		n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Offices		40%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Industrial buildings	30%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Educational buildings	30%		25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Healthcare	30%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Hotels	20%		25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Retail	20%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Warehouses	10%		25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Public buildings	10%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	5%		25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know	5%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

Base: n=200, if expected some kind of positive affect from initiatives such as the EU Green Deal to the amount of work on the following building segments

XXX

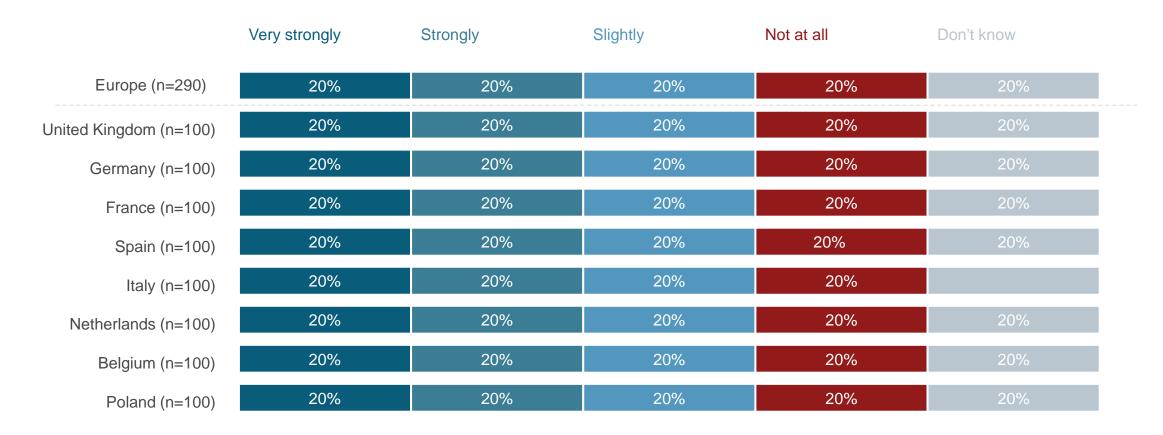
Impact on part of buildings On which part of buildings do you think these initiatives have the highest impact?

highest impact?	Total	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
1	n=200	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Building technology	40%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Facades	30%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Roofs	30%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Internal walls	30%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Structural floors	20%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Internal floors	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Building envelope	10%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Building fabric	10%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	5%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know/no opinion	5%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20% 29

XXX

Impact on design of buildings

To what extent do you think the European Green Deal will influence your design of buildings?



XXX

Impact on specification How will it influence your specification?

	Total			UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
	n=200			n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Focus more on technical installations in buildings			40%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Focus more on insulation of buildings		30%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Use more recycled materials		30%		25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Use more bio-based materials		30%		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Use more certified materials	20%			25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Integrate circularity in design	20%			20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Use more materials based on circular ownership model	10%			25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Achieve a higher u-value with the insulation layer	10%			20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	5%			25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know/no opinion	5%			20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

Base: n=200, if expected some kind of influence of the European Green Deal on their design of buildings

Information criteria when selecting materials and design How important is information on the following aspects when selecting materials and solutions for your design?

	% AGREE minu	us % DISAGREE	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
	More disagree	More agree	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Locally sources materials		50%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Low CO2 footprint		40%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Usage of alternative energy sources during production		35%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Availability of circular solutions		20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Low gas emission during production		6	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Biobased materials		5%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20% 32
Base: n=200, architects			*the res	ults are showr	n in saldo					52

Documentation impact on selection of construction products What kind of documentation or certification influences your selection of construction products in a specification?

-	Fotal	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
r	n=200	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Environmental Product Declarations	33%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Product Efficiency certificates	28%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Cradle to cradle certification	13%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Packaging claims like FSC, Green Dot etc.	13%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	6%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know	22%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%

XXX

Most important sources What are for you the most important sources to inform yourself on a topic such as the EU Green Deal?

	Total	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
	n=200	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Internet in general/ search engines	60%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Professional journals/ magazines	40%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Websites of manufacturers	30%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Other	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Don't know/no opinion	1	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%

Search engines as a source of information Where do you in the end find the information via search engines?

	Total	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
	n=200	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
Websites of manufacturers	50%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Professional journals/ magazines	45%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Newsletters	35%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Blogs	30%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Government websites	15%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Trade fairs	5%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	5%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know/no opinion	2	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

XXX

Expectations from manufacturers

What do you expect from manufacturers of building materials when it comes to the goal of becoming a climate neutral industry?

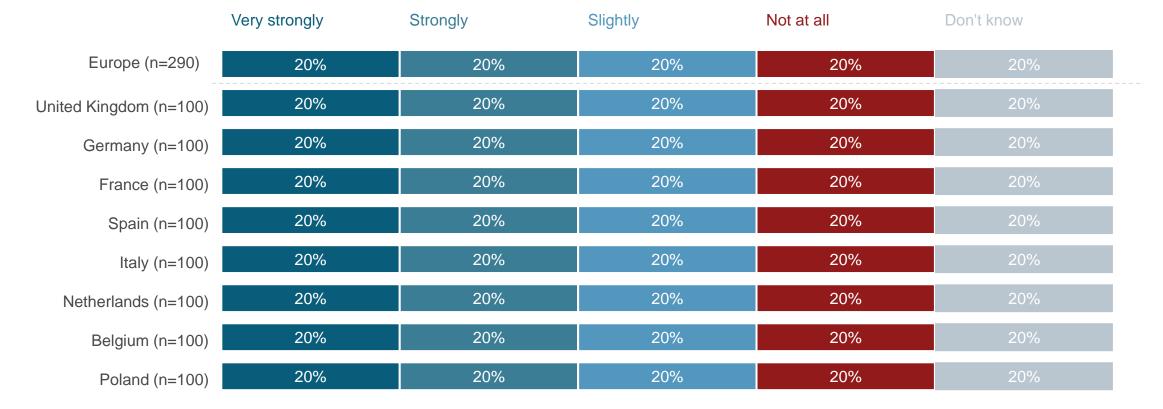
	Total	UK	Germany	France	Spain	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium	Poland
	n=200	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100	n=100
More biobased materials	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Certified materials	25%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Investments in new products	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Circular materials	25%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Offer information about product usage	20%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Information on EU Green Deal	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Offer trainings	15%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Help in design phase	15%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Other	10%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Don't know/no opinion	10%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

Base: n=290, architects

XXX

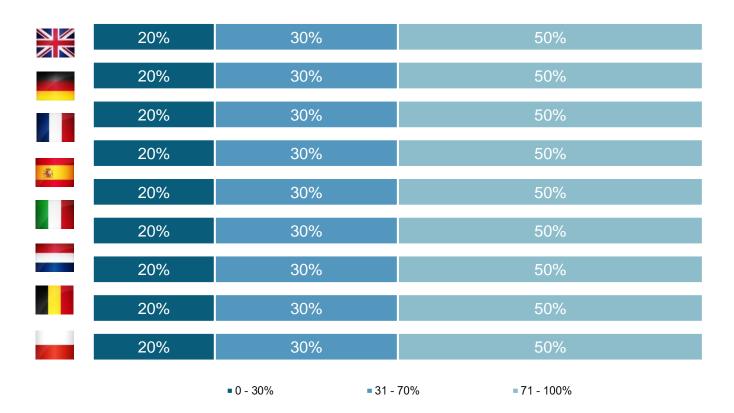
Green building certifications

To what extent will green building certifications like Breeam, Well and Leed support help for reaching the Green Deal ambitions?



Results per segment

For three key questions from the current measurement of the European Architectural Barometer, the results are divided by architects that realise most of their sales in the residential segment (0% - 30% non-residential), by architects that realise sales in both segments (31% - 70% non-residential), and by architects that realise most of their sales in the non-residential segment (71% - 100% non-residential).



Segment most active

The tables on the following pages show the abovementioned split about the following questions:

- How did the turnover develop in this quarter compared to the previous quarter?
- How did your order book develop in this quarter compared to the same quarter last year?
- Do you expect that your order book might be empty these coming 12 months?



Index

Forecast overview

Economic and construction figures per country

Theme part: Sustainability and Circularity

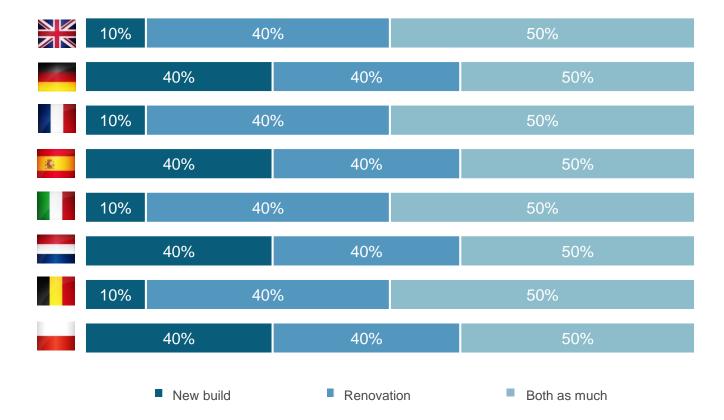
Research background

Appendix



Background of the architects

The figure below shows the split in activities in new build and renovation. Italy has the smallest new build market with merely 12% claiming to be mainly active in new build. You can clearly see that most architects are active in the renovation segment. Almost half of the Polish architects do more new build, which is more than their colleagues from other European countries.



New development or renovation

About Arch-Vision

European Architectural Barometer

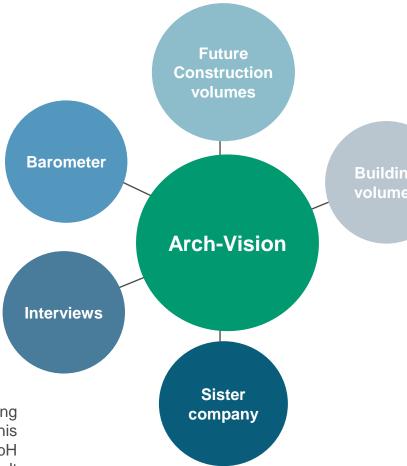
Architects have already been monitored by several institutes in quite diverging ways in the different countries. Arch-Vision launched this European Architectural Barometer for a more cohesive view. The European Architectural Barometer is extremely useful for organisations with a focus on Europe that also want to compare the activities of architects in different countries.

Interviews

All interviews are conducted by native speakers. From the third measurement onwards, two hundred interviews per country have been completed per measurement. The first two measurements were based on one hundred interviews per country. Later, for the Netherlands and Belgium, the measurements returned to one hundred interviews.

Sister company

Arch-Vision is a sister company of USP Marketing Consultancy (www.usp-mc.eu), BouwKennis (www.bouwkennis.nl), BauInfoConsult GmbH (www.bauinfoconsult.de) and BuildInfoConsult (www.buildinfoconsult.com). These are major agencies each providing full-service research support and specialised in the construction and real estate markets.



Future construction volumes

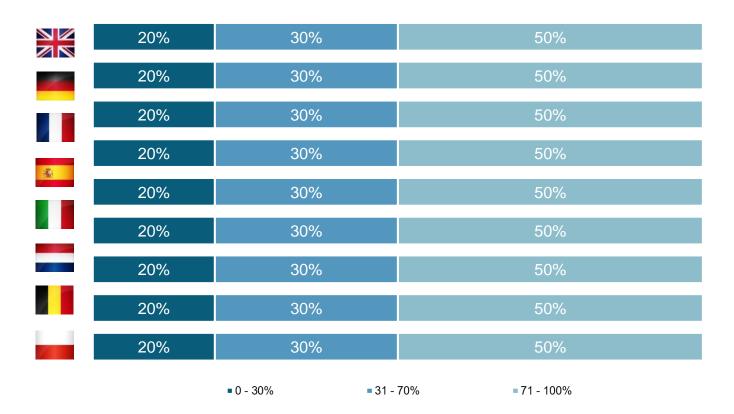
For decision makers charged with considerations of company resources, staffing and marketing strategy, a clear insight into future construction volumes is essential. However, economic indicators seldom provide an adequate picture of these volumes.

Building volumes

The construction industry operates in a delayed cyclical market, which means that buildings designed today will not be ready until at least two years from now. The economic activities of architectural firms provide a strong indication of the direction in which the construction sector will develop in terms of both building volumes and the way in which building volumes will be realised.

Results per segment

For three key questions from the current measurement of the European Architectural Barometer, the results are divided by architects that realise most of their sales in the residential segment (0% - 30% non-residential), by architects that realise sales in both segments (31% - 70% non-residential), and by architects that realise most of their sales in the non-residential segment (71% - 100% non-residential).



Segment most active

The tables on the following pages show the abovementioned split about the following questions:

- How did the turnover develop in this quarter compared to the previous quarter?
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- Do you expect that your order book might be empty these coming 12 months?



Short-term outlook among German architects

Development turnover and order book

Development turnover (based on previous quarter	.)				1						<u>*</u>														
% sales in non-residential	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	
Strongly increased (>5%)				Ì			ì			1						Ì			1			i			
Slightly increased (0-5%)																									
Stayed the same (0%)																									
Slightly decreased (0-5%)																									
Strongly decreased (>5%)																									
Barometer turnover	Γ.		-									-				-	-		-						
Development order book (based on previous year)	[1	1						- 2					1									
% sales in	0 -	31.	71 -	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0	31 - 70	71 - 100	
non-residential	30	- 70	100	30	- 70	100	30	. 70	100	30	. 70	100	30	- 70	100	30	. 70	100	30	. 70	100	0 - 30	- 70	100	
Strongly increased (>5%)																									
Slightly increased (0-5%)																									
Stayed the same (0%)																									
Slightly decreased (0-5%)																									
Slightly decreased (0-5%) Strongly decreased (>5%)																									

Expectation empty order book in the next 12 months

Expectation empty order book in the next 12 months

					1						A													
% sales in non-residential	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100	0 - 30	31 - 70	71 - 100
Yes																								
No																								
Do not know																								

Methodology calculation of the Q2Q Saldo and Barometer

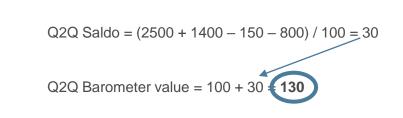
The European Architectural Barometer for the order book development and turnover development is calculated in the following way:

- 1. Respondents with a strong increase (>5%) are multiplied by 100
- 2. Respondents with a slight increase are multiplied by 50
- 3. Respondents that remained the same are multiplied by 0
- 4. Respondents with a slight decrease are multiplied by -50
- 5. Respondents with a strong decrease (>5%) are multiplied by -100
- 6. The sum of these values divided by 100, results in the Q2Q saldo.
- 7. Adding 100 to this saldo results in the Barometer figures, where 0 is the strongest possible decrease, 100 is stabilisation and 200 is the strongest possible increase.

The Barometer values calculated this way are presented in the report as Quarter to Quarter Turnover and Order book Barometer.

Development Turnover Spain	Q2 '15		Calculated Values	
Increased by more than 5%	25%	x 100	2500	
Slightly increased (0-5%)	28%	x 50	1400	
Stayed the same (0%)	36%	x 0	0	
Slightly decreased (0-5%)	3%	x -50	-150	
Decreased by more than 5%	8%	x -100	-800	

Example of calculation Q2Q Barometer value:



Methodology calculation of the Q2Q Saldo and Barometer

To calculate the developments in the turnover and the order book with regard to the first measurement in 2009, Arch-Vision has developed the so-called Rolling Barometer. The Rolling Barometer is calculated as the cumulative sum of the Q2Q saldos of every quarter. The Rolling Barometer can drop or rise by 100 points per quarter at maximum.

Example: The Rolling Order Book Barometer is -66 after twelve quarters. In the worst case (all architects reporting a decrease of over 5% every quarter) the Rolling Barometer would be -1200. In the best case it would be 1200. Therefore a score of -66 in Q4 2011 means a slightly worse situation than in Q4 2008.

		Barometer order book												
		Q1'09	Q2'09	Q3'09	Q4'09	Q1'10	Q2'10	Q3'10	Q4 '10	Q1 '11	Q2 '11	Q3 '11	Q4 '11	
	Q2Q Barometer values	71	75	100	85	100	110	94	94	111	102	94	99	
>	Saldo Q2Q Values	-29	-25	0	-15	0	10	-6	-6	11	2	-6	-1	
		+ (-	-25) +	(0) +	(-15) +	- etc.								
	Rolling Barometer Values	-29	-54	-54	-69	-69	-59	-65	-71	-60	-59	-65	-66	

Future building volumes: building a model for prediction

Building volumes

Architects are at the front of the construction sector. They are the first to perceive positive and negative changes. The current developments of architectural firms have a strong predictive impact on the total market. Arch-Vision publishes its predictions for the building volumes based on the developments experienced by architects.

The model

Arch-Vision uses a model based on eleven market indicators and Arch-Vision's own results. The model combines information about the economy, like construction requests and confidence figures, with data about the developments within architects' experience, such as changes in the turnover and the number of active architects. Only information that proved to have a strong correlative value on the building volume is used. Subsequently, every kind of data is weighed based on the predictive value.

High predictive

value

To ensure the correctness of the predictive value, the model has been – with retroactive effects – compared to the actual growth and shrinkage of the construction volume since 2003 for the Dutch* market and since Q3 2009 for the remaining countries. The model turns out to possess a very high predictive value. Nevertheless, the forecast has to be interpreted with caution, as it remains a calculation. As with all predictions, the margin of error can be larger, comparable to the weather forecast: sometimes the Arch-Vision model can be inaccurate.

Calculation predictive

value

The predictive value is calculated based on the consistency of the market indicators with construction volumes, for the renovation, maintenance and the new build markets. The correlation is determined by a regression analysis, i.e. a statistical technique for analysing data in which there is a (possible) specific connection, known as regression.

^{*} Since 2003, the developments of architects in the Netherlands have been monitored by Arch-Visions' sister organisation BouwKennis. Therefore, it is possible for the Netherlands to calculate the connection between the architects and the building volume based on 10 years of data.

Future building volumes: Calculation

The Dutch market has been taken as a basis. The correlation between market volume regarding new build, maintenance and renovation on the one hand, and possible explanatory factors on the other hand, serves as a starting point.

The correlation with building volumes is tested for a total of eleven market indicators together with two outcomes of the European Architectural Barometer. The correlation of the following four indicators appeared to be strongest:

- Building permits m² of useful floor area in non-residential buildings
- Building permits, number of dwellings
- Development of Turnover Barometer (European Architectural Barometer figures)
- Number of FTE working at architectural companies (European Architectural Barometer figures)

The predicting value of these indicators is between 54% and 91%. Because a longer history of data was not available for most countries, the development of these four indicators in the last four quarters and the four quarters before served as a guidance for this measurement. The used range of five indicators is not static and can be adjusted for future calculations. With the database becoming more complete, more reliable correlations can adjust the mix of indicators. A longer range of regression measurements shall replace the comparison of the last four quarters with the four quarters before.

The forecast is based on the market knowledge of USP Marketing Consultancy together with the market figures available, such as building permits and the developments among architects who are mainly active in renovation or new build as well as mainly active in residential or non-residential. Due to the limited number of quarters, a forecast based on a statistical model is not possible for now. The model that was used has a lower prediction value for this period. However, USP Marketing Consultancy aims at clarifying the general direction of the construction market development by publishing these data and the predictions will be updated in the coming reports.

Questionnaire – Standard

These questions are asked every measurement

- 1. How many employees (in FTE) does your company currently have, including yourself? [if less than 2 FTE, end of research]
- 2. What is your position?
- 3. As an architectural firm, are you mostly active in the segment housing, non-residential building, interior, or landscaping? [If interior or landscaping, end of research]
- 4. How many employees in FTE did your company have at the end of 2019?
- 5. How many employees in FTE did your company have at the end of 2018?
- 6. How many employees in FTE did your company have at the end of 2017?
- 7. If your turnover should relate to housing and non-housing, what percentage of your revenue do you get from housing-related jobs?
- 8. Are you mostly active in new build or renovation?
- 9. How did the turnover develop this quarter compared to the previous quarter? Decreased by more than 5%; slightly decreased (0-5%); stayed the same (0%); slightly increased (0-5%); strongly increased (more than 5%)
- 10. How did your order book develop in this quarter compared to the same quarter previous year? Decreased by more than 5%; slightly decreased (0-5%); stayed the same (0%); slightly increased (0-5%); strongly increased (more than 5%)
- 11. How many projects have been postponed in this quarter?
- 12. How many projects were not started and cancelled in this quarter?
- 13. Do you expect that your order book might be empty these coming 12 months?

Questionnaire – Theme questions

- 1. Have you heard of the European Green Deal?
- Yes, I know what it is about
- Yes, I heard of it
- No, I don't know the EU Green Deal
- 2. Can you explain what the goals of the European Green Deal are according to you?
- 3. Do you have an idea by what percentage the greenhouse gas emissions should be reduced by 2030? And by 2050?
 - % reduction by 2030
 - % reduction by 2050
- 4. How long will it take before the construction industry is able to be climate neutral?
- Within 10 years
- In 10 to 20 years
- This will take more than 20 years
- This will never happen
- Don't know/ no opinion
- 5. How long will it take before your government takes action that will impact the building permits and the construction industry?
- This already happens
- In the coming three years
- In the coming five years
- · In five to ten years
- This will take longer than 10 years
- This will never happen
- Don't know/ no opinion

6. By 2050 the European construction industry needs to be climate neutral. To what extent do you expect initiatives such as the EU Green Deal to positively affect the amount of work on the following building segments? (Single-family housing (detached/ row houses etc.); Multi-family housing (apartments/ flats etc.); Non-residential buildings/ commercial buildings [such as (offices/ industrial/ warehouses/ schools etc.)])

- Very strongly
- Strongly
- Slightly
- Not at all
- Don't know/ no opinion

Questionnaire – Theme questions

7. Do you think initiatives will drive more new build projects, renovation projects or both as much in the following building segments? (Single-family housing (detached/ row houses etc.); Multi-family housing (apartments/ flats etc.); Non-residential buildings/ commercial buildings [such as (offices/ industrial/ warehouses/ schools etc.)])

- New build
- Renovation
- Both as much
- Don't know/ no opinion
- 8. On which type of buildings do you these initiatives have the highest impact?
- 9. On which part of buildings do you think these initiatives have the highest impact?
- 10. To what extent do you think the European Green Deal will influence your design of buildings?
- Very strongly
- Strongly
- Slightly
- Not at all
- Other
- Don't know/ no opinion
- 11. How will it influence your specification?

12. How important is information on the following aspects when selecting materials and solutions for your design? (Usage of alternative energy sources during production; Low gas emission during production; Availability of circular solutions; Low CO2 footprint; Biobased materials; Locally sources materials [minimising transportation distances])

13. What kind of documentation or certification influences your selection of construction products in a specification?

14. What are for you the most important sources to inform yourself on a topic such as the EU Green Deal?

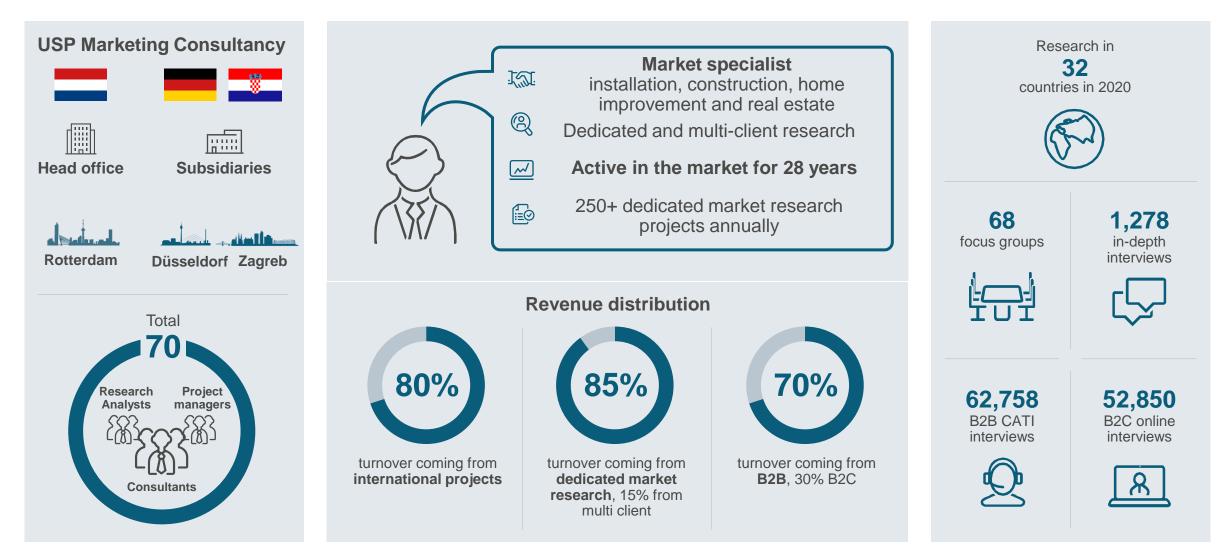
15. Where do you in the end find the information via search engines?

16. What do you expect from manufacturers of building materials when it comes to the goal of becoming a climate neutral industry?

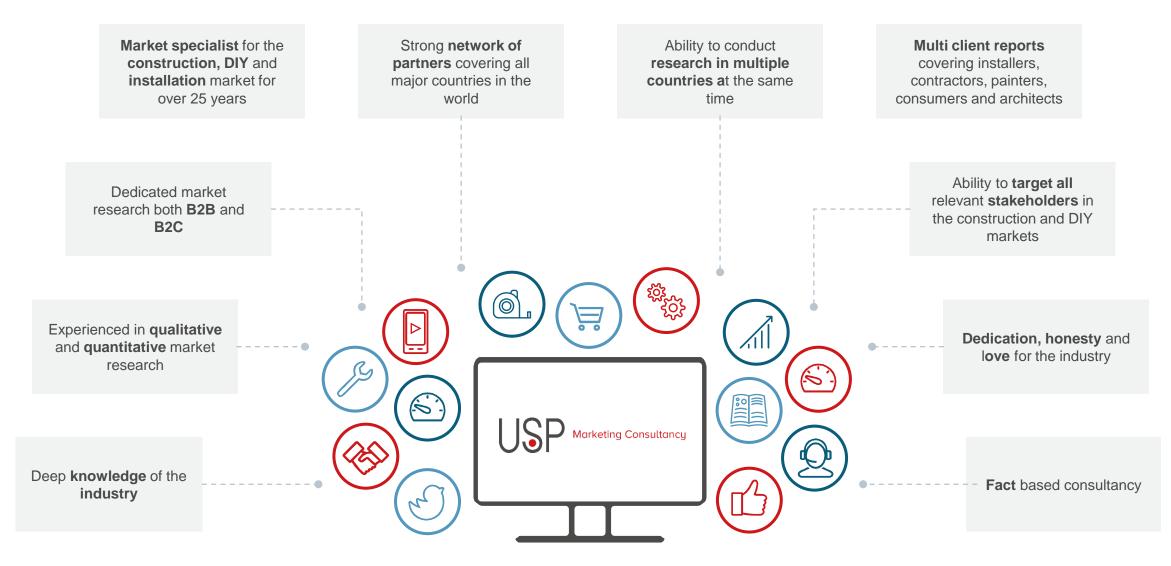
17. To what extent will green building certifications as Breeam, Well and Leed support help for reaching the Green Deal ambitions?

- Very strongly
- Strongly
- Slightly
- Not at all
- Other
- Don't know/ no opinion

About USP



USPs of USP



What we do



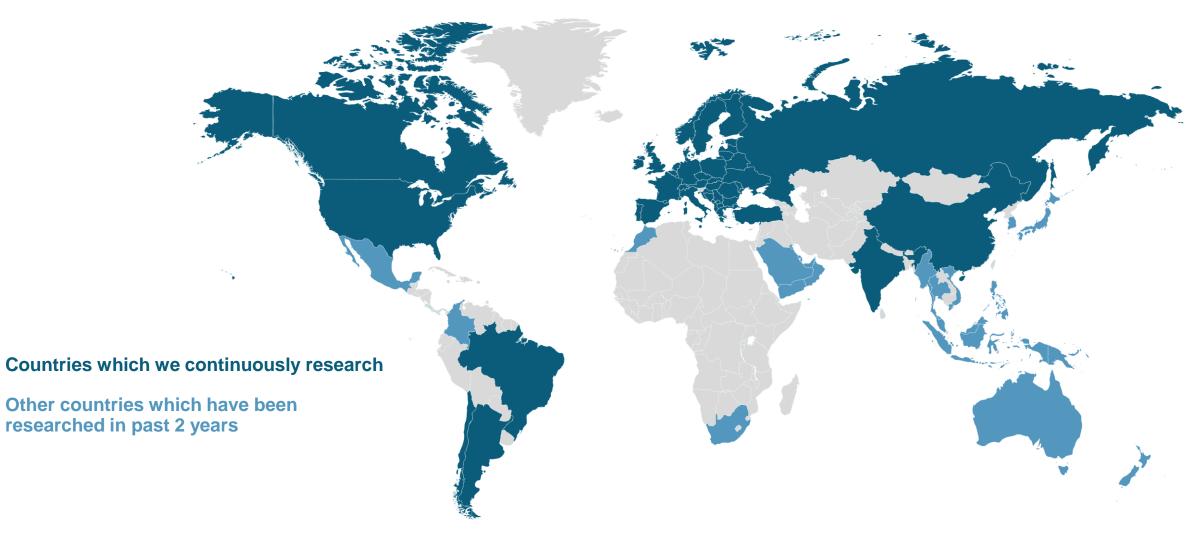
Dedicated market research

- Tailor made
- Driven by your information needs
- Advice & consultancy based on facts and over 25 years of experience in the industry
- Worldwide coverage
- B2B, B2C, qualitative and quantitative research or a combination of both
- Within our market specialism, all types of researches can be conducted
- Targeting the right audience, with the right questions at the right time.

Our multi-client research monitors

	European Architectural Barometer	European ©ີ. Contractor Monitor	European () Mechanical Installation Monitor	European ݢ Electrical Installation Monitor	European Painter Insight Monitor	European Home Improvement Monitor
Target group	Architects	Building contractors	HVAC installers	Electrical installers	Professional painters	Consumers
Methodology	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	
Annual sample size	3,400 interviews	2,050 interviews	2,600 interviews	3,000 interviews	2,300 interviews	26,400 interviews
Country scope	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland Spain Italy 	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland Spain Italy 	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland 	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland Spain 	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland Spain Italy Denmark Sweden 	 Germany United Kingdom France Netherlands Belgium Poland Spain Italy Denmark Sweden Austria
Way of reporting	Quarterly	Bi-annually	Quarterly	Quarterly	Annually	Quarterly
2021 Theme topics	 Q1: Media orientation Q2: BIM Q3: Prefab Q4: Green deal (impact of EU stimuli) 	 H1: Purchase channels H2: Media orientation 	 Q1: Training needs pre and post corona Q2: Services in the installation market Q3: Purchase channels Q4: Challenges towards a sustainable future 	 Q1: Media orientation Q2: Training needs pre post corona Q3: BIM Q4: Purchase channels 	 Trend tracking Sustainability Labour shortage Online buying Future expectations Innovation needs 	 Q1: Sustainability – Needs & requirements Q2: Purchase Channels online orientation Q3: Brand health Q4: DIY vs DIFM - Home improvement plans and expectations for next year

We are active globally



Principals of USP



USP Marketing Consultancy

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